C	ase 1:00-cv-00105-L-DLM Document 361 Filed 08/04/05 Page 1 of 14 PageID #:
1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	FOR THE DISTRICT OF RHODE ISLAND
3	* * * * * * * * * * * * * *
4	THE ESTATE OF C.A. No. 00-105 L
5	YARON UNGAR, ET AL Plaintiff
6	VS. PROVIDENCE, RI 3 AUGUST 2005
7	
8	THE PALESTINIAN AUTHORITY, et al
9	Defendant * * * * * * * * *
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11	BEFORE SENIOR DISTRICT JUDGE RONALD R. LAGUEUX
12	APPEARANCES:
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AUGUST 3, 2005 - AFTERNOON SESSION

THE COURT: Good afternoon, everyone. The matter before the Court is Civil Action 2000-105 L, The Estate of Yaron Unger and others versus the Palestinian Authority and others.

The matter is here on two motions. There is a motion filed by the plaintiffs to add clarificatory language to the injunction that the Court issued, and there was a motion for clarification that was filed by nonparties, the Canaan Group. Is anyone here from that?

MR. OSWALD: I am, your Honor. James Oswald on behalf of the Canaan Funds.

THE COURT: All right. Will the lawyers who are interested in these two matters please identify themselves for the record, please.

MR. STRACHMAN: David Strachman for plaintiffs.

MR. SHERMAN: Deming Sherman for the Palestinian defendants.

MR. OSWALD: James Oswald on behalf of the nonparties Canaan Equity Offshore CV, Canaan Equity II Offshore CV.

THE COURT: Let me deal with the Canaan matters first. I've had a spate of letters that have

requesting that the Court deal with this matter on the papers, and then requesting the Court put the matter over until September when pro hac vice counsel can be present, and so forth. So let me deal with that matter first. Do you want to make a presentation on that?

MR. OSWALD: Certainly, your Honor. You summed it up pretty succinctly. I had put in pro hac vice motion papers for Canaan's principal counsel which is counsel out of New York City.

THE COURT: I granted that.

MR. OSWALD: Thank you. And, as it turned out, when the Court scheduled this for August 3rd, we found out that he was not going to be available to come up, which is when I wrote my first letter to your Honor requesting either that it be taken on the papers or that it be put over until September to a date when principal counsel would be available. I believe that there's no objections on anyone's part here to that being put over to September. Again, the Canaan Funds would also be willing to have the Court hear it on the papers, if that is what the Court prefers.

THE COURT: Mr. Strachman.

MR. STRACHMAN: We'd be happy to continue the case to September. I think it makes sense.

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All right. I'll have it THE COURT: rescheduled then for September. I'd like to hear oral arguments on these things because sometimes I may have some questions. I suppose the situation in Connecticut will be --MR. OSWALD: Perfectly fine. Thank you. THE COURT: -- solidified by that time. MR. STRACHMAN: It may well be, your Honor. THE COURT: You've registered your judgment in Connecticut? MR. STRACHMAN: Yes, your Honor. THE COURT: And what else has happened in Connecticut at this point? MR. STRACHMAN: We've requested an execution, It may have issued by now. I don't know. vour Honor. THE COURT: As to these funds? MR. STRACHMAN: As to the judgment that was, you know, the judgment that was --THE COURT: You want to execute on these funds? MR. STRACHMAN: Absolutely. Absolutely. Correct. THE COURT: So that issue may be resolved by the Connecticut Judge who's assigned to the case. Right. MR. STRACHMAN:

THE COURT: So it may become moot here.

MR. OSWALD: We understand that, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. You'll get a notice of the hearing sometime in September.

MR. OSWALD: Thank you.

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THE COURT: So I'll take up plaintiff's motion for clarification at this time. I'll hear from you,

Mr. Strachman.

Thank you, your Honor. MR. STRACHMAN: Court issued an injunction several months ago with respect to all of the PA and the PLO's assets. the PA and PLO has chosen to do is to manipulate the terms of that injunction when we sought collection against approximately \$200,000 in funds that are held in a Wachovia bank in an account in Washington, D.C. when we moved for attachment against those funds, the PA's local counsel in D.C., Mr. Maher Hanania, filed a motion in court saying that this Court, in granting the injunction, had the "clear intention" "to protect the operation of the PLO mission." And as you may recall, in the injunction, in order to avoid conflict, in order to reduce the issues that are before the Court, we carved out a provision in the injunction. injunction, as the Court made very clear in subsequent proceedings with respect to our request for the

appointment of a receiver, the Court had authority over the parties, the PA and the PLO. The injunction, if you will, is a, as a result of exercising authority i inpersonam over the PA and PLO. There are no assets in Rhode Island to act upon. The Court could not have, and clearly did not intend, when signing the order that we prepared without any changes, make a determination that the \$200,000, which we subsequently learned the \$200,000, that allegedly is the operational budget, or operational fund of the PLO office in Washington, is exempt from attachment, and I think what's happened is the PLO has yet again manipulated, you know, the proceedings to create a false impression.

Judge Kessler, to whom this matter is now before in Washington, I think is rightfully confused about the nature of the representations by the PLO's counsel in Washington. And, therefore, we filed this motion to clarify the order and to add some very specific language in a proposed order that we filed with the Court, to make very clear that this Court was not addressing whether we can attach funds of the PA and PLO anywhere else in the United States. Their reading of this, and we attached, as the Court knows, we attached Mr. Hanania's brief so the Court could see it in its full glory. Their position is, to having won a

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\$116 million judgment after 5 years of litigation and after two appeals, we now are the only judgment creditors of the PLO and PA who can't reach their only bank account in the United States. And that's clearly not what this Court intended. We all know what was Mr. Schilling and Mr. Clark filed in their intended. memo, with respect to our motion, a brief which clearly, if the Court reads between the lines, can see that everybody knew what was happening here. removed and we said very frankly to the Court, we asked for an injunction over 99 percent of the PA's assets, if you will, not the entire pie. We said carve this out. We did not say issue a mandatory injunction preventing us from reaching those funds. The PLO's manipulated that injunction and has mischaracterized it, and has mischaracterized the Court's intention in the language that I just used. To say that we are now the only second-class citizens, if you will, with respect to the PLO assets, this is vitally important because after 13 months not a single dime has been paid toward this judgment. It's also vitally important because we think the only clear asset held by the PLO, as opposed to the PA, in the United States, is this \$200,000 that we found in Wachovia. Initially we thought that account had a couple thousand dollars in

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it, now we find that one portion of it is basically funds that they set aside on their own to invest, or to hold onto, and the other portion of one of the other accounts -- actually two accounts, is used to pay some of their expenses here. So we would ask that the Court grant our motion, allow us then to litigate, as the Court said. We have to go down now to Connecticut, to Washington, to New York, anywhere else that we can find these assets, but we don't believe that we should be hamstrung by a manipulation of the Court's order here in all those other jurisdictions, and we vitally need this clarification so that the order is clear, the intent of the Court is clear, and that we can then go duke it out in Washington, D.C. with respect to whether we can -- whether there are exemptions to attachment, et cetera, or any other basis for objecting to the attachment of those funds. Thank you.

THE COURT: Mr. Sherman, do you want to be heard?

MR. SHERMAN: Briefly, your Honor. On May 5, 2005, the Court issued an injunction, and in paragraph 2, essentially the injunction froze all the assets of the Palestinian defendants, and then in paragraph 2 of the injunction the order provides that notwithstanding the provisions of the first paragraph,

the defendants are permitted to withdraw normal expenses necessary for the daily operations of their offices in Washington, D.C. and at the United Nations from existing bank accounts. And the order provides further that the injunction remains in full force until further order of the Court.

So following this, entry of this order, there were discussions between the plaintiffs and the defendants concerning this Wachovia account, and the normal operating expenses that would have otherwise been paid from that account. Then there was objection by the plaintiffs to many of the operating expenses. They wanted more documentation, that sort of thing. So there was no agreement reached as to whether those normal expenses could be paid. As a result, none of the monies have been paid for the operations of the offices in Washington. And as a further result, wachovia has placed the funds in the court in the nature of an interpleader proceeding.

It is our position that the injunction that was issued by this Court remains in full force and effect, and that what the plaintiffs seek to do here is not clarify the order but change it. If they wish to change it or move to dissolve it, that would be one thing. But to clarify it in the fashion that they're

seeking, effectively eviscerates the second paragraph of the order that's in current force and effect. So, as a result, we've objected to this motion, and as long as this injunction is in full force and effect, it seems to me that these accounts are not subject to attachment or subject to other process issued by the plaintiffs. Thank you.

THE COURT: It was not the Court's intention to limit the rights of the plaintiffs in seeking attachments and execution on any funds of the defendant by the issuance of the injunction. The purpose of the injunction was to freeze the assets and funds of the defendants pending registration of the judgments in the various jurisdictions where there were funds and assets to be found.

As I stated previously, this Court performed its function. It entered a judgment against the defendants, which judgment is now final, having been affirmed by the First Circuit Court of Appeals.

Since there are no assets or funds in this jurisdiction, the plaintiffs will have to enforce that judgment by registering the judgment wherever it can find assets and funds of the defendants. One of those places, of course, is the District Court for the District of Columbia because there is this fund being

held by Wachovia. I just have been notified the funds have been paid into the Registry of the Court, so it will be up to the District Judge in the District of Columbia to make a determination of whether those funds can be fully attached, or partially attached, or executed upon, and in what amount. The Court intended to make no decision that those funds were exempt from attachment or execution. The reason they were exempted from the injunction was because the plaintiffs did not choose to litigate at that time, and this Court did not choose to decide whether those funds were exempt from attachment or execution.

So that is my full explanation of the preliminary injunction that was issued. If it needs to be clarified any further, I can simply vacate that part of the injunction that exempts those funds. I can't make it any clearer than that. It will be up to the Judge in the District of Columbia to make a determination of whether there's some reason why those funds are not attachable, or subject to execution.

So I give you your choice, Mr. Strachman, as to what you want me to do. Do you want me to vacate that part of the injunction? Then it will be absolutely clear then.

MR. STRACHMAN: Respectfully, Judge, I think

the proposed language that we provided to clarify the order, to clarify the injunction, would be the way to resolve it. By clarifying it in that fashion, it does not give any wiggle room for anybody to misinterpret or misconstrue what was done, and I think the language in the proposed order precisely remedies the problem that we're encountering.

THE COURT: All right. I think you achieved that purpose by this amendatory language, so I will adopt that amendatory language.

MR. STRACHMAN: Thank you. I have an extra copy of the order.

THE COURT: All right. Give me a copy of that order, and I'll execute it right now.

MR. STRACHMAN: Thank you.

THE COURT: You can have the transcript of these proceedings transcribed and made available to Judge Kessler in the District Court in the District of Columbia.

MR. STRACHMAN: I will. Thank you, your Honor.

THE COURT: All right. The order's been executed. Here are the files. All right, is there anything else we should discuss?

MR. STRACHMAN: No, your Honor.

MR. SHERMAN: No, your Honor. THE COURT: All right, we'll take a recess. THE CLERK: All rise (R E C E S S)

Case 1:00-cv-00105-L-DLM Document 361 Page 14 of 14 PagelD₄#: Filed 08/04/05 CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the foregoing is a correct transcript from the record of proceedings in the above-entitled matter. JOSEPH A. FONTES Date